THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL.
Corner of Market and Front Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is published every Friday Evening, at Three Dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS, *not exceeding a square are inserted at One Dollar for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents for every continuance—those of a greater length in proportion.*

Persons sending Advertisements will please note the number of times they wish them inserted.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS,
and Printing in general, executed with neatness and dispatch.

FERREE'S POWDER.

JAMES CROSSAN,

WOOD STREET,

BETWEEN Second and Third Streets, next door to James Morrison's, have on hands, and intend constantly keeping a supply of FERREE'S RIFLE POWDER, which they will sell wholesale and retail on easy terms. Country Merchants can be supplied with this article, at the shortest notice.

Pittsburgh, May 25, 1814.

DR. BAINBRIDGE,

WISHES TO INFORM THE PUBLIC

THAT his LABORATORY is in operation for the Manufacture of NITROUS ACID, (Aquafortis) where it may be had of a superior quality Wholesale and Retail at his Medical Shop in the Diamond. Those at a distance who favor him with their commands accompanied with CASH, may rest assured that they will be promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh Sept. 20th. tfq

Steam Fulling Mills.

THE *PITTSBURGH STEAM FULLING MILLS* are now in complete operation. The proprietor is happy to inform the public, that he has engaged experienced workmen, and will be able to execute any orders in DYING and FULLING Business, in the best manner and with punctuality and despatch.

JAMES ARTHURS.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 14, 1814. tf

NEW HAT MANUFACTORY.

Hugh Moore & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have opened a HAT STORE, at the corner of Market and Water Streets, formerly occupied by J. Tibbett, where they offer for Sale, a large and elegant assortment of Beaver, Castor, and Roram HATS. Having procured excellent workmen and the best materials, they flatter themselves to serve those that will favor them with their custom, to their entire satisfaction.

☞ Orders will be received at the Warehouse of SUTTON and M'NICKLE, and promptly attended to.

Wanted immediately, two or three Apprentices to the Hatting business. Apply to *Hugh Moore & Co. Pittsburgh.*

June 20, 1814. tf

THE
Pittsburgh Point
BREWERY,

In operation, and conducted on
SHIRAS'S NEW SYSTEM OF
MALTING & BREWING.

THIS with pleasure the subscriber informs the Citizens of Pittsburgh, that notwithstanding the advanced prices of grain and labor, he is enabled to *reduce* the prices of Liquors, *upwards of TWENTY FIVE per cent.* Orders received at the Brewery will be executed promptly as usual. BARLEY purchased.

For James O'Hara.

GEO: SHIRAS.

Nov. 1, 1814. tfq

House and Lot,
FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will sell the HOUSE and LOT in which he at present resides, situated in second street, between Wood and Market streets. The house is large and roomy; and its central situation makes it a desirable one for a boarding house or large family. He will give a generous credit, and possession the 1st of April next; and if not disposed of at that time, it will be Let for 1 year. For particulars enquire of

TH: CROMWELL.

Aug. 10th 1814 tfq

One Dollar and an Half

PER 100lbs. given for clean SCUTCHING TOW, of Flax or Hemp, at the Bookstore of the subscriber. At this season, when Flax and Hemp are dressed, it is hoped all Farmers, who delight to see domestic manufactures prosper, and who should encourage the useful business of Paper making, will save this sort of Tow for the Paper Mills.

R. PATTERSON.

Pittsburgh, 24th Feb. 1815.

Saddlers Ironmongery,

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

Consisting of the following Articles—

FULL and half plated Stirrup Irons assorted
Do. do. Ladies Slippers do.
Do. do. Bitts and Bradoons do.
Do. do. Bradoons do.
Do. do. Pelham and Curb Bitts
Do. do. Double & Single Curb Chains
Plated Heads and Cantles
Plated and Princes Metal Spurs.
Do. Saddle Rings
Do. Stirrup Slides
Tinned Mens' and Women's Stirrup Irons.
Do. Curb and Snaffle Bridle Bitts
Saddlers Knives and Hammers
Brass Nails and Tinned Tacks assorted
Flat Set Buckles, from 3-4 to 1 1-4 inch do.
Heads and Throats
Saddle Trees, (plated) assorted
Worsted and Cotton Girth-webbing do.
Straining Webb assorted
Saddle Cloth do.
Seal Skins
Leather Stocks and Cockades
Double Shot Pouches and Powder Flasks
A large and complete assortment of Cut Tacks from 2 1-2 to 14 oz.
Corks by the bale

The subscriber intends keeping a constant supply of the above Articles, and will sell them low, either wholesale or retail, for Cash Country Linen, or on a short Credit, at his Store in Market Street, between Front and Second Streets.

HENRY BAILEY.

Pittsburgh, December 26, 1814. tf

TO RENT,

And possession given the first of April next,

THAT well known TAVERN and FERRY Stand, in Pittsburgh, now occupied by Joseph M'Closkey, for a term of years, which may be agreed on by applying to THOMAS or JOHN JONES, Lower Ferry, who will make known the terms

JAMES JONES.

January 16, 1815.

BARR IRON.

The subscriber has now on hand, and intends keeping, a general assortment of

JUNIATA & CENTRE COUNTY
BARR IRON,

which he will sell on reasonable terms for Cash. Waggoners and blacksmiths may be supplied with all kinds of waggon tire, drawn for that purpose. He likewise keeps an assortment of the best waggon boxes.

WILLIAM LACKEY.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1814. tf

Tanners Oil, &c.

The Subscriber has just received,
20 barrels superior quality Tanners Oil
20 barrels fresh superfine Flour
20 barrels dried Peaches
50 barrels dried Apples
10 casks New-England Cheese
3 crates Philadelphia Pottery, consisting of Plates, Bowls, Cups and Saucers, Pitchers, Teapots, &c. &c.
50 barrels Kenhawa Salt
Writing and Wrapping Paper assorted

All of which will be Sold as usual, wholesale and retail.

ISAAC HARRIS,
DIAMOND

Pittsburgh, January 10, 1815. tf

Broad Cloths & Sattinets

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE COCHRAN,

AT his Woollen Manufactory, corner of Diamond Alley and Liberty Street, by the piece or yard, as cheap as they can be had in New-York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

Also, a few Stocking Nette, Worsted Woollen and Cotton Half Hose.

G. C. respectfully solicits the patronage of the public to encourage his Manufactory, and assures those who may wish to purchase, that his Cloth is not inferior according to quality, either in colour and durability, to that imported from Great-Britain.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1815.

CASH FOR ASHES.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

WILL give TWENTY FIVE CENTS per bushel for any quantity of good Oak and Hickory ASHES, delivered at his store in Liberty street, near the sign of the white Bear.

JOSEPH BECKER.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 9, 1815.

WANTS A SITUATION,

A YOUNG MAN of genteel connections, who has perfect knowledge of BOOK-KEEPING—he would wish to be employed in a Store, Counting House, or the Posting of Books. The most satisfactory references as to character and abilities will be given on application at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

February 4, 1815.

ARMY BLANKS,

Printed in the neatest manner, and on the shortest notice at this office.

New Goods for Sale.

JUST received and for Sale, at the AUCTION AND COMMISSION STORE, corner of Market and Front Streets.

1 case containing 29 pieces black and green bombazettes,
34 dozen figured cashmere shawls
50 lb. Turkey Cotton
1 chest Imperial Tea
1 do. Young Hyson Tea
98 pair Cossack Boots
4 half pipes Wine
6 barrels Jamaica Spirits
1 do. Holland Gin
20 barrels Green Coffee
20 bags do.
7 boxes Ribbands assorted
7 dozen Ladies Silk Gloves
1 second hand Piano Forte
1 trunks Ladies Kid and Morocco Shoes
1 bbl. Old Particular Madeira Wine.

Merchants and Storekeepers throughout the Western Country, are informed that a constant supply of MERCHANDIZE will be kept at the above Store, and Sold at a very small advance on the Philadelphia prices, for Cash only.

CHARLES M'CABE & Co.
Commission Merchants.

Pittsburgh, January 25, 1815. tf

TOBACCO MANUFACTORY

THE subscriber, (recently from Philadelphia) has established a TOBACCO MANUFACTORY in this town, on Front str't two doors from the Post Office; where he offers for sale, Virginia twist and Kentucky

TOBACCO SNUFF & SEGARS.

of as good quality, and on better terms than can be purchased in Philadelphia or Baltimore.

REES JONES.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1. *tfq*

Ten Years Lease.

THERE are several Lots adjoining Liberty, St. Clair, and Penn Streets to be Let for Ten Years. For terms enquire of *THOMAS PERKINS*, Silversmith, Market Street. Pittsburgh, Feb. 20, 1815.

FOR SALE,

THE UNEXPIRED TIME OF AN
INDENTED
BLACK GIRL.

SHE is fourteen years of age, and has to serve till twenty-eight—is large for her age, strong and healthy and a good Cook. For particulars apply to

JOHN L. GLASER, *near Harmony,*
Or at the Warehouse of
SUTTON & M'NICKLE, *Pittsburgh.*

Feb. 20, 1815. 3wq

Surgeon's Instruments.

Just received and for Sale, by
AVERY & VAN ZANDT.

An Invoice of SURGEON'S INSTRUMENTS,
Among which are—
AMPUTATING,
DISSECTING,
TREPANNING,
POCKET,
TEETH.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1815.

1000bls. Flour Wanted.

WE wish to purchase ONE THOUSAND BARRELS OF FLOUR, deliverable at this place or at Erie, as early in the spring as practicable. Persons wishing to contract will please to make proposals by letter or call at our Office.

ORMSBY & DOANE.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 16, 1815.

TO BE RENTED,

A large commodious and elegant three story

Brick Warehouse,

adjoining Messrs. G. & C. Anshutz, and now in the possession of Brown & Porter.

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1815. tf

SIX CENTS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 29th instant, an Apprentice boy named MARK O'BRION, about 5 feet 8 inches high, stout made, brown hair, had on a drab coloured Coatee and pantaloons, a fur Hat, is fond of strong liquor.

Whoever takes up and secures said runaway shall have the above reward but no charges. All persons are forwarned from harboring him at their peril, as I am determined to prosecute such offenders.

WILLIAM GRAHAM, *Innkeeper.*

Pittsburgh, Feb. 20, 1815.

TO BE SOLD OR RENTED,

A LOT in the Borough of Pittsburgh, situate on the corner of the Diamond and Union Street, and having two commodious Dwelling Houses erected thereon.—Possession of the Brick Dwelling House will be given immediately. For terms apply to

SAMUEL DOUGLASS.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1815. tf

TO BE RENTED,

And possession given the first of April next,

THREE Commodious Brick Houses in Third Street, between Wood and Smithfield Streets. For terms enquire of the subscriber living in Fourth Street, Pittsburgh.

JOSEPH OLIVER.

February 22, 1815.

Commission Warehouse

JOSEPH DAVIS & Co.

Have on hand and for Sale at their Commission Warehouse, in the Diamond, Pittsburgh.

SUPERFINE and coarse broadcloths
Cassimers, Bedford cords & waistcoating
Ribbons and boss by the box
Suspenders by the dozen
Dowlas by the piece
Ladies straw bonnets per dozen
Sewing silk and twist per lb.
Brandy by the barrel and keg
Loaf sugar and rice by the barrel
Swedish steel by the tub
Best refined salt petre by the barrel
Connecticut cheese by the hundred weight
A quantity of mens and womens shoes in all their variety, by the dozen or box.
Ladies and gentlemens saddles
Together with a number of other articles too numerous to insert.

They also beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they are ready to *receive, store* and *sell* on commission all kinds of Merchandize forwarded to their care, and from their long experience in business, they hope to give general satisfaction, as they are determined to use the greatest care and punctuality on their part.

Millers and Distillers are informed they can be accommodated with storage.

J. DAVIS & Co.
Commission Merchants.

Pittsburgh, 7th November, 1814

ISAAC HARRIS,

DIAMOND—PITTSBURGH.

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

150 pieces India muslins
20 pieces 4-4 cambrick do.
200 packs pins, No. 9, 10, 16, 17
200,000 best quality needles assorted
50 kegs Ferree's best rifle powder
100 kegs Kentucky do.
2 cases very fine German steel
50 boxes Spanish segars

which, together with his former very elegant assortment, are offered on accommodating terms. Country Merchants as usual supplied with *dispatch.*

The subscriber receives in exchange for Goods, all kinds of Country Produce.

☞ Seventy-five Cents per bushel paid for Flaxseed, on delivery at his Store.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 13, 1814.

FOR SALE OR LEASE,

Sixteen Lots of Ground,

fronting on Smithfield Street, between Front and Second Streets, and Diamond Alley and Fifth Streets. Apply to

JOHN THAW,
DAVID PRIDE.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1815. tf

N. B. A HOUSE at the corner of Smithfield and Front Streets, to Let.

FRESH & SEASONABLE GOODS.

CONSISTING of London Black, Navy Blue, Bottle Green and Mix'd Superfine and fine Broad Cloths
Plain and corded Cassimers—superfine blue stocking Webb
Cassinetts, velvet Cords and Velvets
Blue, lead and bottle green superfine Pelisse cloths
Kersey, mole skins and coatings
Swansdown, toilenett, mole skin & silk Jacket Patterns
Worsted, silk and cotton Hosiery
Superfine and fine white, yellow and red Flannels
7-4, 9-4, 10-4 and 12-4 rose Blankets
Superfine Calicoes—cambric & jaconett Muslins
Black, blue, green & bottle green Bombazetts
Spotted, stripe and plain sarsenett and book Muslins
Linen, cambrics, Irish linens, English shirting, &c.
Ladies long and short kid, beaver and silk Gloves
Linen and cotton laces
6-4, 7-4 and 8-4 levantine, damask and cotton shawls
Levantine, double florence, and senshaw silks handsomely assorted
Ladies kid, Morocco, cordivan and calfskin shoes, boots and slippers,
Mens and boys fine and coarse shoes,
Gilt and mahogany frame looking and dressing glasses

And a variety of other articles too tedious to mention, which they intend selling on the most moderate terms.

JOHN & JAMES BROWN.

Pittsburgh, October 4th, 1814.

JOHN BAIRD.

TAYLOR. PITTSBURGH.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he continues to carry on his business as usual, where due attention and promptitude will be paid to all orders.

Those indebted to him he requests will make immediate payment; those who have been indebted for years back, are informed, that they will find their accounts in the hands of PHILIP GILLAND, Esq. and that if they wish to save cost they will call on that gentleman without any delay, and make settlement.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1815.

TIN PLATE.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

OFFERS for SALE a few Boxes of TIN PLATE.

ALSO—an assortment of TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET IRON works.

JOHN TOWN.

Pittsburgh, February 17, 1815.

PATAPSCO COTTON FACTORY.

THE subscribers beg leave to announce to the public, that they have their FACTORY, near Ellicott's mills, *in complete operation*, and have opened their *Warehouse, at No. 140, Market street*, (the store formerly occupied by the Union Manufacturing Company) for the sale of COTTON YARN, of which they have on hand an extensive assortment. They flatter themselves that from the quality of their machinery, and the improved plan of the whole works, they will be enabled to offer as good Yarn as any made in the U. S. Country merchants will find it their interest to call and look at the Yarn.

EDWARD GRAY & Co.

Baltimore, Feb. 16. 4wcFG

Domestic Manufactures.

THE subscriber at his MANUFACTORY just above the round Church, in Liberty street, has on hand and intends to keep a regular supply of the following

GOODS.

7-4, 6-4, and 5-4 shawls,

Pittsburgh CORDS,
Cotton PLUSH and VESTING,
COTTON SOCKS, white and blue,
CAMBRICKS, PLAIDS and GINGHAMS,
COTTON YARN, assorted.

Store Keepers will find it their interest to call on me as I intend to sell very low for cash.

JOSHUA ARMITAGE.

February 20, 1815.

WANTED,
Stone Masons, Coopers, and a Baker.

CONSTANT Employment and Liberal Wages will be given at the Falls of Ohio to Six skilfull Stone Masons, well acquainted with dressing stones for and building Arches.

Also, to Six Coopers, well acquainted with making Flour Barrels.

Also, to a Baker, well acquainted with making Biscuit.

None need apply but sober men that can give good references.

Enquire at BOSLER & Co.
Front Street.

Pittsburgh, 18th January, 1815. tf

Two Mile Run Turnpike

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that a list of the Subscribers to the Two Mile Run Turnpike, who have not paid agreeably to the terms of subscription, is left in the hands of JOHN DARRAGH, Esq. for collection; and that unless the same be paid to him, on or before the 15th day of March next, suits will be commenced for the same according to law, without respect to persons.

By order of the Managers,
E. PENTLAND, Sec'y.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 20, 1815.

Was found trespassing

on the subscriber, on the 6th of January, (but has been in the neighbourhood three or four months) a MARE COLT, supposed to be two years old, heavy mane and tail, both hind feet white, the colour is so mixed as to render it hard to describe. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

ANDREW ROBERTSON.

Mifflin Township, Allegheny County, Feb. 22, 1815.

PITTSBURGH POTTERY.
Trotter & Co.

HAVING established their Manufactory of QUEENSWARE, in Pittsburgh, and now commenced fabricating wares similar to those of the Potteries in Philadelphia, take this opportunity to inform the public, that they are ready to execute such orders for those who may have the goodness to favour them, at their Pottery, corner of Seventh and Grant Streets, or to ANTHONY BEDLEN & Co. or RICHARD BOWEN & Co. where specimens of the Ware may be seen.

List of Articles at present Manufacturing.

Wash-hand basons,	Coffee Pots,
Ewers,	Tea Pots,
Chambers,	Coffee Cups,
Dutch Jugs,	Tea Cups,
Bowls,	Chocolates,
Mugs,	Sugar Basons,
Goblets,	Butter Tubs,
Pitchers,	Baking Dishes.

February 8, 1815. tf

TAKE NOTICE.

WHEREAS my wife Jane has left my bed and board without any just cause, as I am able to prove, I now forwarn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I am determined not to pay any debts of her contracting.

JAMES GASTON.

Allegheny County, Elizabeth Township, Feb. 13, 1815.

FOR SALE,
Four Beautiful Lots,

NEAR the Centre Square in the Town of Birmingham, south side of the Monongahela, near Pittsburgh. Any person wishing to enter into the Brick making business, will find those Lots worth their attention. For terms apply to

EDWARD B. ROCHE.

Feb. 9, 1815.

From the N. Y. Evening Post, Feb. 13.

PEACE.

On Saturday evening about 8 o'clock, arrived the British sloop of war Favorite, bringing Mr. Carroll, one of the secretaries attached to the American Legation, bearer of a Treaty of Peace between the U. S. and G. B. He came not unexpected to us. Ever since the receipt of the October despatches, we have entertained and expressed, but one opinion.—A critical examination of those despatches, convinced us that the negociations would, nay must, terminate in the restoration of a speedy peace; and the speech of the Prince Regent in November, contained an implied assurance that the preliminaries waited for little else than the form of the signatures. It has come, and the public expressions of tumultous joy and gladness, that spontaneously burst forth from all ranks and degrees of people, without stopping to enquire the conditions, evinced how really sick at heart they were, of a war that threatened to wring from them the remaining means of subsistence, and of which they could neither see the object nor the end. The public exhiliration showed itself in the illumination of most of the windows in the lower part of Broadway and the adjoining streets in less than 20 minutes after Mr. Carroll arrived at the city hotel. The street itself was illuminated by lighted candles, carried in the hands of a large concourse of the populace: the city resounded in all parts with the joyful cry of *a peace! a peace!* and it was for nearly two hours difficult to make one's way through unnumbered crowds of persons of all descriptions, who came forth to see and to hear and rejoice. In truth the occasion called for the liveliest marks of sincere congratulation. Never, in our opinion, has there occurred so great a one, since we became an independent nation. Expresses of the glad tidings were instantly despatched in all directions. The country will now be convinced that the federalists were right in the opinion they have ever held, that during the despotism of Bonaparte, no peace was to be expected for their own country, and therefore they publicly rejoiced at his downfal, and celebrated the restoration of the Bourbons. Men of property, particularly should felicitate themselves for they may look back upon the perils they have just escaped, with the same sensations that the passenger in a ship experiences, when driving directly on the breakers through the blunders of an ignorant pilot, he is unexpectedly snatched from impending destruction, by a sudden shifting of the wind.—Fears were entertained, that it was really intended, like losing and desperate gamblers, to find a pretence for never paying the public debt, in the magnitude of the sum; that a spunge would be employed in the last resort, as the favorite instrument to wipe off all scores at once. A principle nearly bordering on this was, not long ago, openly avowed on the floor of Congress, by a member from Virginia. Neither is it a small cause of congratulation, that we are now to be delivered from that swarm of leeches, that have so long fastened upon the nation, and been sucking its blood. Their day is over, let the nation rejoice.

What the terms of the peace are, we cannot tell; they will only be made known at Washington by the despatches themselves. But one thing I will venture to say now, and before they are opened, and I will hazard my reputation upon the correctness of what I say, that when the terms are disclosed, it will be found that the government *have not by this negociation obtained one single avowed object for which they involved the country in this bloody and expensive war.*

One declared object was to compel G. Britain to abandon her orders in council. But the orders in council were rescinded before the news of our declaration of war reached across the Atlantic and have never been in force since. They have not therefore obtained this object *by the war.*

Another, was to compel G. B. to desist from her constructive right to institute a blockade without an adequate force. But she made no such pretension, and administration acknowledged in their letter of instruction of Jan. 20, that "this cause of controversy seemed to be removed." They have not, therefore, obtained this object *by the war.*

Another, was to compel G. B. to abandon the right to impress American *native* seamen. But this, whatever may have happened by an abuse of power in individual cases, she has always utterly disclaimed as a principle; and always been willing to agree upon a remedy or an amelioration of the evil, if any could be devised, by amicable negociation.—They have not, therefore, obtained this object *by the war.*

Another object was to compel her to abandon the practice of taking American *naturalized* citizens on the high seas. But she holds the right to do so, to be so firmly established by the law of nations that her commissioners were instructed not to permit it to be brought into discussion; and in letter of instruction of June 27, the American commissioners were informed that in the treaty they were about to make, they "might *omit any stipulation, whatever, on the subject of* IMPRESSMENT, if found indispensably necessary." *They have* NOT, *therefore, obtained this object of the war.*

Another object was to compel G. B. to cede to us the Canadas. These, being about to be conquered, in less than six months from the declaration of war (some members of congress, said in debate, six weeks,) and being thus about to be in our possession at the termination of hostilities, whenever that should take place, would of course be our's on the principle of *Uti Possidetis.* This principle they were determined to insist on, be the consequences what they might, and they would never conclude a peace on any other terms. So said Mr. Clay in secret debate upon a bill brought into the house for that express purpose; and to which Mr. Madison, as is well understood, had pledged his signature and support, but which was negatived in the senate. But when our ministers were charged by the English commissioners with the design to conquer the Canadas, and hold them, they were so confounded and ashamed, that in their confusion they stammered out an untruth. They had the effrontery to deny that such a design was ever in contemplation of their government, and went into a notable argument, to prove, in the face of the fact, that it ought not to be so. I think nobody will contradict me, when I say, *they have* NOT *obtained this object of the war.*

Another, and the last object I shall mention, for involving his country in war Mr. Madison, has I acknowledge, succeeded in obtaining. He has succeeded in obtaining by the war, the presidency for a second term, with a salary annexed to it of *five and twenty thousand dollars*, a splendid mansion of marble, fitted up in a gorgeous style to reside in, at the expense of *fourteen thousand dollars more* of the public money, wrung, part of it, from those who themselves were houseless; and he has had placed in his hands a degree of power and patronage, civil, military and naval, greater than any monarch in Europe, ever perhaps possessed. This object, I admit, he has obtained, with the prerogative of naming his successor from Virginia, *and he has obtained nothing more.*

For ourselves, the people, who shall tell us, at the conclusion of this war, how we are recompensed *for the death of thousands and the expense of millions?* Who shall tell the sacrifices, the losses, we have sustained, the sufferings we have undergone, and the deprivation we have endured and must endure for years to come; and not we alone, but our children and grand children after us. When the accounts of this war shall be all wound up; when, in addition to the necessary expenses of it, the squanderings, the waste, the innumerable frauds that have been practised, the losses that have accrued from the abuses of public trust, are taken into consideration, (and let us consider that *fifty thousand dollars* lavished upon a single scoundrel to bribe him to forge a miserable calumny, forms an item and but an item in the account) when we reflect upon the multitude "of paymasters and agents, contractors and commisraries," with all the host of jobbers for the army, from his excellency, the governor of a state, who haggles and chaffers for a lot of cartouch boxes, down to the petty rascal who crimps recruits at 8 dollars a piece, "men, who, without virtue, labor or hazard, are growing rich, as their country is impoverished," when these and a host more, who have fattened upon the distresses of their country, shall have their accounts adjusted and allowed by the proper officers, what think you *will be the melancholy result presented to us?* I will tell you what, and if I am wrong, let my words be remembered and the public confidence be withdrawn from me forever—It will be nothing less than A FUNDED DEBT OF MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, BEARING AN INTEREST OF SIX PER CENT. Still, vast as the amount is, it is within the ability of the country, if we can stop here, to discharge it. Let us then meet the evil, since it is inevitable, with firmness, and resolution, and cheerfully resolve, since it has now come to a conclusion, to provide for the debt, to the best of our ability. LET THE NATION REJOICE, for though we have been compelled to make vast sacrifices without any adequate cause for it; though we have suffered calamity and distress, wantonly brought upon us, by a weak and profligate administration; though we have been compelled to submit to losses which can never be repaired, and to suffer golden advantages to pass by, which will never again return, yet LET THE NATION REJOICE—WE HAVE ESCAPED RUIN!

From the Gazette of the United States.

6257.

Every one who may have happened to look into a democratick paper for some time previous to the declaration of war, must find those figures perfectly familiar to his recollection, and will doubtless remember, that they were then said to express the exact number of poor, suffering, *American* seamen who had been ascertained to have been impressed on board British ships of war. Many thousands more, it was said, were doubtless in the same deplorable condition, whose cases had not been ascertained. Their hardships and tortures were described as resembling those of the infernal regions, and the ships to which they were confined were, by a forcible figure of speech, denominated "*Floating Hells.*" National honor, it was said, and even humanity herself, demanded that the avenging arm of the nation should be raised in vindication of their injuries; that the sword should be drawn and never again sheathed till those men should be restored to their country, and till security for the future should be obtained by an renunciation on the part of the British, of the right to take any person from on board an American vessel. Mr. Madison himself, in his war message of the 1st of June, 1812, says:

"THOUSANDS *of American citizens,* "under the safeguard of public law, and "of their national flag, have been torn "from their country and every thing "dear to them; have been dragged on "board ships of war of a foreign nation "and exposed under the severities of "their discipline, to be exiled to the "distant and deadly climes, to risk their "lives in the battles of their oppressors, "and to be the melancholy instruments "of taking away those of their own brethren."

And again in the same message:

"We behold our seafaring citizens "still the daily victims of lawless vio"lence committed on the great common "and highway of nations, even within "sight of the country which owes them "protection."

To avenge this enormous outrage, and to remedy the evil, was avowed as a leading and principal object of the war. Indeed, our commissioners, long after their arrival in Europe, (but before the fall of Bonaparte was known) were expressly commanded, in case of not being able to make a "*satisfactory* stipulation against impressment; one which shall secure, under our flag, protection to the crew," to cease from all further negociations and return home without delay. In such an event, it was said by the President, the United States would have appealed to arms in vain. And sure enough, in vain it has been, and much worse than in vain. The power of Napoleon, who was the real author of the war, was blasted by Heaven in mercy to mankind, and our virtuous President and his patriotic cabinet no longer remember those

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poor, forlorn, tormented, American seamen; but left them to their fate, in the hands of their cruel tormentors, with as little remorse as if they had been so many sheep sold to the slaughter. Even Mr. Clay, that greatest of the champions of "*Sailor's rights,*" who left the Speaker's chair to sing, pathetically on the floor of Congress, how

——*hard, hard is their fate, &c.*

forgot to insert in his treaty one single line to sooth their sorrows, or to cast one gleam of hope upon the gloom of their despondency.

Who could possibly have believed, a year ago, that a peace would have been conceded to Great-Britain, without at least a restoration of those "thousands of American citizens," spoken of by the President in his war message?—If the "satisfactory stipulation" which he instructed his commissioners to make a *sine qua non*, could not be obtained, surely those men who are already in captivity, and longing to return to the peaceful shores of their own country, might have been liberated from a state of bondage which has often been described as more intolerable than Algerine slavery. To shew what would have been thought of such a treaty as has now been concluded, had it so happened that the wicked authors of the war and lost the confidence of the people, and their places been supplied by their opposers, previous to the ratification of the treaty, we will merely subjoin, for the present, the following extract from an article which appeared about twelve months in a leading ministerial paper in New-York, which was known to be under the direction of a then distinguished member of the cabinet at Washington.

[*From the National Advocate.*]

"But the business of impressments cannot be *waved*, nor postponed, nor *informally* arranged. It cannot be *waved*, because it involves an *infringement* of the national sovereignty and independence. It cannot be *postponed*, because being one of the main grounds of the war, the government cannot answer to the people, since the rejection of Admiral Warren's proposition for a suspension of hostilities upon the basis of the repeal of the Orders in Council.—*The bull must therefore be taken by the horns.* It cannot be made the subject of an *informal arrangement*, because the experience of Messrs. Monroe and Pinkney's arrangement has taught us, that such an understanding cannot be relied upon for any practical purposes."

WASHINGTON CITY, *February 27.*

PEACE MEASURES.

The House had under discussion on Saturday the Bill to fix the Military Peace Establishment; on which some interesting debate took place in regard to the present posture of affairs. The committee of the whole determined to reduce our military establishment to 6000 men, being 4000 less than the number recommended by the military committee, and as it appeared in the course of debate, 14000 less than was recommended by the War minister. If this vote shall have no other effect, it will at least have proved the entire absence, in the popular branch of the Legislature, of what has been called Executive influence, and the predominance of popular feeling. The vote which has taken place, it will be recollected, is not final, being in committee of the whole, though it will, probably be confirmed by the House.

Bills have already passed both Houses of congress for repealing the acts concerning the flotilla service; for repealing the act authorising to be built or purchased a number of fast sailing vessels of war; for causing great part of our gun boats to be sold; for repealing the acts authorising the acceptance of volunteers and sea fencibles, and authorising the discharge of officers engaged in the above service.

[*Nat. Intel.*

There are several important Public Offices now vacant, which will probably be filled before congress adjourns, among which are, the offices of Secretary of State, or (if Mr. Monroe resumes the department of state,) of Secretary of War; Minister to England; Minister to France, (it being understood Mr. Crawford is desirous to return,) and perhaps some other appointments of equal importance.

[*Nat. Intel.*

From the London Times of Dec. 31.

SEVERE WEATHER IN IRELAND.

Limerick.—The late tempest from the south and west was the most awful ever remembered. The Shannon swelled to an unprecedented height, with a surf which caused it to overflow the country to an extent never before witnessed—there was no trace of the highest banks upon the river, and they are broken and prostrate every where we have as yet heard of. The gallery on the new jail on which the centinel was posted, was entirely swept away, and the soldier saved with difficulty; on the north strand the desolation has been great; several trees have been torn up, the garden walls blown down, and the parapet from the house of industry to the revenue building, overturned. A new house in Glentworth street was levelled with the ground. Thomond bridge withstood the flood: the whole bridge was covered at one time; the parapet presented the appearance of a wall built across the river: this building, erected nearly six centuries ago, has thus given a proof of the excellence of ancient architecture, as to bridges. In the North Liberties of Limerick, Lord Lansdowne's estate in that quarter has suffered dreadfully; but we have not heard that any lives have been lost. At Glenmackin, fine orchards have been destroyed, most of all the trees have been torn up by the roots; also an elm of prodigious size, which has stood for an hundred and fifty years at least, and in full vigor, upon a solid foundation. It would be impossible to detail all the accounts of this disastrous tempest—large boats were floated over the river banks in various places, and left upon high ground. The distress of the country people is truly pitiable; their corn, potatoes and hay floating in all directions and many of their habitations carried off.

The fatal effects of fear.—One of the officers of Haslar Hospital being dangerously ill, a medical gentleman who was attending him had occasion about two o'clock on Sunday morning last, to send the nurse from the officer's house to the dispensary; the weather being bad, the nurse wrasped herself round with a piece of red baize, with which she covered, in part, a candle and lantern, to prevent the light being blown out, as the wind was very high. The rays of light issuing from the red covering, to the imagination of a sentry at a distance, she appeared a terrifick spectre, and as she approached him his fears so increased, that he ran from his post with haste to the guard house, where in about half an an hour, he expired!

WAS LOST,

ON Wednesday evening last, a handsome small GOLD WATCH, with a Gold Chain and Seal. The finder shall receive a reward of FIVE DOLLARS on delivering it at

THIS OFFICE.

March 10. 1815.

NEW CLOTHING STORE.

D. A. NORTHROP,

TAYLOR,

AT the corner of Market and Water Streets, has on hand a general assortment of ready made CLOTHING, suitable for the present and approaching season; which he will sell as cheap as can be purchased in the place.

GARMENTS of every description made on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

Pittsburgh, March 8—tfq

FOR SALE,

THE UNEXPIRED TIME OF A

Negro Boy.

Apply at this Office. March 10, 1815.

NOTICE.

THE improper conduct of my wife *Harriot*, and her leaving my house, justifies in giving this public notice to all persons not to harbour or credit her on my account, and that I shall pay no debts of her contracting.

WILLIAM DEAL, jun.

February 28, 1815.

FOR RENT.

And possession given the first of April next,

TWO handsome Brick HOUSES, with a good Lot to each, on which are a few choice Apple trees, in a pleasant and healthy situation.

Also, Two Brick Yards, to be Rented. For terms apply to ANDREW WATSON, Grant's Hill.

Feb. 27, 1815.

NEW GOODS.

HAVING on hand a handsome assortment of GOODS suitable for the Spring Season, together with a good supply of GROCERIES, all of which I will sell at

PEACE PRICES.

TO RENT

And possession given the first of April, Two BRICK HOUSES, situate in Diamond Alley, an excellent situation for Merchandizing.

GEORGE WATSON

Pittsburgh, Diamond Alley,
March 11, 1815.

TO POTTERS.

The subscriber offers for sale or rent his

POTTERY

IN BIRMINGHAM—Near PITTSBURGH.

IT is conveniently situated, having CLAY of a superior quality within a few rods of the shop. The kiln is well and substantially built, of brick, bound with iron, with a large and commodious kiln house. The shop contains 1 throwing Wheel, 1 turning Lathe, 2 turning Wheels, and a variety of other tools, calculated for the manufacture of common Ware, or such as is now made in Philadelphia. For terms apply to

EDWARD B. ROCHE.

March 8—tf

Farmers and Millers,

ARE hereby informed that the subscribers have established at the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, a COMMISSION STORE, intended for general business, but particularly for the PURCHASE AND SALE OF FLOUR AND GRAIN. The superior advantages which this establishment gives in the Flour and Grain trade must be evident. In order that the farmer may avail himself of the proper season, and good opportunities to bring in wheat, the mill is offered as a Store-House free of charge for 3 months after delivery. It will then be in his power to order it to be ground and sold as it may suit and not be subject to the losses generally sustained by grinding out in the fall and spring.

Busines will be transacted on such terms as to interest the Public.

GEO EVANS & CO.

Pittsburgh Steam Mill,
March 7, 1815.

N-B. WHEAT, RYE, and CORN, purchased as usual.

☞*The Editors of the "*SPECTATOR,*" Union Town, and "*REPORTER,*" Washington, (Pa.) the "*HERALD,*" Steubenville, (O.) and "*GAZETTE,*" Charleston, (Va.) are requested to give the above 3 insertions and send their bills to* G. E. & Co.

NEW ALBANY.

THE TOWN OF NEW ALBANY,

WAS laid out on the Bank of the Ohio River, about 2 miles below the Falls, in the Indiana territory, at the nearest and best crossing place from the Missouri and Vincennes to Louisville and Lexington, a year ago last summer, and a part of its advantages in point of trade, navigation, ship building, &c. were then advertised; Lots were sold on the 1st Tuesday and Wednesday in the November following. $ 5000 were appropriated to the use of Schools in town, for the benefit of its inhabitants forever. A school is now established, and 5 in-lots added to the first appropriation; likewise 15 in-lots, the use of which to be forever applied to the aid of Presbyterian Preachers in the town, which shall have settled ministers. There are now 68 buildings and a post office in the town.

For the further promotion of its speedy growth, the following property will be sold on the premises BY AUCTION, to wit:—ONE HUNDRED & FIFTY IN-LOTS—FORTY OUTLOTS, and FIFTEEN FARMS, which Farms contain from 52 to 131 acres each, all lying within 2 1-2 miles of the public square. The terms are one half at the time of sale, and the other half in 2 equal annual payments. The purchasers of in-lots to build a stone, brick, frame or hewed log house, equal to 15 feet square, with a brick or stone chimney, within 2 years after the purchase. The Farms to have 6 acres cleared, fenced and in grass, together with a dwelling house within 3 years. The out-lots to be cleared and fenced within the same time; a number of the farms are already considerably improved, and several of the out lots cleared. There is a Saw Mill in the town nearly finished, the owners of which will obligate themselves to saw for the purchasers until the end of 2 years for one half of the lumber, provided the logs are delivered prepared for sawing at the mill from the land now offered for sale which is exceedingly well timbered. There is also a Grist mill in the town, which will grind for the neighborhood.

The sale will commence at 11 *o'clock on Tuesday the* 11*th day of April next.* Merchants, Manufacturers, Mechanics and Laborers will readily perceive the advantages which here present themselves.

J. N. & A. SCRIBNER.

N. B. A person who will come well recommended to take the charge of Cotton Carding and Spinning Machines will meet with encouragement. It is presumed that a Printer would do well, as the back country is extensive and rapidly settling.

New Albany, Feb. 27, 1815.

ARMY BLANKS,

Printed in the neatest manner, and on the shortest notice at this office.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1815.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

Col. Hugh Brady, of the 22d Regiment United States Infantry, on his way home from Sacket's Harbour, has been complimented with a public dinner, by a number of the Members of the Legislature, at Harrisburgh. This tribute of respect, no one merited more than Col. Brady. At the battle of Bridgewater, he was severely wounded, and during the campaign on our northern frontier, he was distinguished as a highly valuable and meritorious officer.

In the early part of February, while a number of Philadelphia gentlemen were skating on the Delaware, a tea box was picked up on the ice, containing a living male infant, four days old, carefully wrapped up in warm cloathing. The person who first got hold of the box, was determined to keep the child, although his companions were anxious for the prize. The child was immediately and appropriately named *Neptune*, and its new father, being a person of fortune, was determined to be a father in all the necessary requisites.

The Boston Gazette of the 23d ult. says, "We learn that orders have been sent from Washington for the immediate equipment of the *Independence*, 74 guns, Com. Bainbridge, for sea; probably destined for the Mediterranean.

A London paper, of Dec. 19, states the following articles:

That in many parts of Germany, the robbers are so numerous, that detachments of military have been sent out to guard the great roads.

That it is said the French government has suspended the payment of Bonaparte's pension.

[COMMUNICATED.]

On Saturday evening last, pursuant to previous notice, the YANKEES resident in the Borough of Pittsburgh, met together at the house of Mr. Reiter, for the purpose of celebrating the return of PEACE. Captain RICHARD BOWEN, was called upon to preside over the festivities of the evening, CHARLES SHAAN, Esq. was elected Vice-President, and H. DOANE, Secretary. After an excellent Supper the following Toasts were drank, amidst Yankee *huzzas*.

The Land of our Nativity.

Yankee—another term for honorable enterprize.

Our Country—may it long enjoy the fruits of Yankee Manufacturers.

Party Spirit—may partisans now bury the bone of contention.

The happy termination of the War—while crowning with laurels the Heroes who witness its termination, may we moisten the wreath with a tear for those who have fallen in arms.

Yankee Lasses.

American Commerce—uninterrupted by those powers who cannot support their depredations upon it.

Yankee Tars—"Whose march is on the mountain wave, whose home is on the deep"

The Memory of Washington—engraven deep in the hearts of his Countrymen.

Faneuil Hall—the Cradle of Liberty, and the boast of Yankees.

Universal Peace and the Temple of Janus shut.

New-England—the land of Scholars and the nurse of Arms.

Our Countryman—General Ripley.

The Pittsburgh Lasses—a contrast to the Virginian gloom of their native place.

The Sons of New-England—may they never degenerate, and *ever* be proud of their appellation.

Success to our Brethren who are about emigrating from Pittsburgh.

Our Navy—its Commanders can teach the Barbary powers, that Americans are unfit Subjects to deal with Slaves.

Sailors Rights—by Sailors best protected.

May Illiberality, Prejudice and Bigotry, the offspring of Ignorance, never find a shelter in our breasts.

Yankee Perry, Yankee Porter, and Southern Coffee, cooling beverages for John Bull's war fever.

Gen. Jackson—the Hero of Orleans.

The Soldiers of Kentucky and Tennessee—excellent in their treatment for Packing-hams.

Dishonest Yankees—confusion to any one who would suffer himself to be run away with by a hired horse, or whose treacherous memory would make him forget to remember to pay his just debts.

The following SONG was Sung on the occasion.

Brother Yankees one and all,
Pray give attention to this call,
The King and his d——d Parliament,
To make us Slaves was their intent.
With our Yankee Doodle, Doodle dandy,
Cornstalk Rum and homemade Brandy,
Indian Pudding and Plumb Pye,
Oh Lord how we made the Red Coats fly.

First the British they sent over,
Old Tom Gage, a noble warrior,
He thought the Yankees to subdue,
But then play'd Him Yankee Doodle doo,
With our Yankee, &c.

Next the British sent Lord Howe,
They might as well have sent a Cow,
He thought at Boston to hold out,
But the Yankees put him to the rout.
With our Yankee, &c.

'T was at a place call'd Bunker's Hill,
They thought the Yankees there to drill,
They stopp'd the men to give 'em breath,
And there three thousand ca't their death.
With our Yankee, &c.

At length they saw that they were wrong,
For the Yankees muster'd there too strong
To Boston Town they did adieu,
And for New-York they did pursue.
With our Yankee, &c.

Brother Yankees fill your glasses,
Drink a health to Yankee lasses,
Don't let Britain frighten you,
For they are a d——d insulting crew.
With our Yankee, &c.

WASHINGTON CITY, *Feb.* 28.

There took place in the House of Representatives yesterday, an extremely interesting debate, on the bill to fix the Military Peace establishment. The debate covered the whole ground of our foreign relations, and called forth most of the prominent speakers in the House.

The vote to reduce the Army to 6000 men, was confirmed.

Appearances warrant a doubt whether any bill will pass at the present session to reduce the Military establishment.

If no such bill pass, an extra session will probably be authorised.

IMPORTANT APPOINTMENTS.

The following high appointments have been made by the President, with the advice of the Senate, viz:

JAMES MONROE, (late secretary of war) to be Secretary of State of the U. S.

JOHN Q. ADAMS, to be Minister to Great Britain.

ALBERT GALLATIN, to be Minister to France, *vice* W. H. Crawford, resigned.

JAMES A. BAYARD, to be Minister to Russia, *vice* J. Q. Adams.

JOSEPH ANDERSON, (now a senator from Tennessee) to be Comptroller of the Treasury, *vice* E. Bacon, resigned

CHARLES J. INGERSOLL, (now a representative in congress) to be Attorney of the U. S. for the district of Pennsylvania, *vice* A. J. Dallas, resigned.

Capts. JOHN RODGERS, ISAAC HULL, and DAVID PORTER, to constitute a Board of Commissioners of the Navy, under the act recently passed.

All the above nominations are said to have been unanimously confirmed yesterday, with the exception of two, to each of which, there was one negative

The office of Secretary of War being now vacated by the return of Mr. Monroe, to the department of state, will probably be filled before Congress adjourns.

NEW YORK, *Feb.* 25.

ARRIVAL OF COMMODORE DECATUR.

We announce the return of this naval Hero to his country and family, with no ordinary emotions of pleasure. He was landed at New London last Wednesday, from the Narcissus frigate, capt. GORDON, 14 days from Bermuda. Lt. SHUBRICK, captain ROBINSON, midshipman CRAMER, all late of the U. S. frigate President, and capt. WILLIAMS, late of the schr. Armistice, were landed at the same time from the Pactolus frigate, and reached town last evening in the eastern stage. On Com. DECATUR'S landing, the populace placed him in a carriage, and drew him thro' the principal streets of New London, amidst the shouts and huzzas of thousands of the citizens of that town and the neighboring metropolis. On setting him down at Brown's hotel, the Com. attempted to address the multitude, but the acclamations were so loud and incessant that he could not be heard. In the evening, the Com. together with Admiral HOTHAM, and a number of other officers belonging to the British squadron off New London, attended the splendid Ball which was got up in celebration of Peace and the birth day of the Father of our country.

THE STEAM BOAT

ETNA,

LEAVES Pittsburgh for New-Orleans, on Monday the 13th instant. For Freight or Passage apply on Board.

March 4, 1815.

PEACE PRICES!

The subscriber has just received a fresh supply of

SHOES,

which he offers at Cost. He invites Merchants in Town or County, who are in want of good and cheap Shoes, to call at the corner of Third and Market Streets, where they can be suited as to quality and quantity.

ROSSETER PARMELE.

Pittsburgh, March 3, 1815.

☞ LOOK HERE!

I WISH TO LET, on Improving Leases, FIVE TRACTS OF UNIMPROVED LAND, of from two to three hundred acres each, situate in Allegheny county, from 10 to 14 miles distant from Pittsburgh.

For terms, apply to

JAMES GRAY,

corner of Liberty and Front Streets.

Pittsburgh, March 1, 1815. tf.

N. B. *I request all persons indebted to me to make immediate payment, and those having demands against me, will please present them and receive payment.* J. G.

SHAKESPEARE AND COLMAN.

Positively the very LAST NIGHT.

THEATRE.

Mr. W. TURNER, grateful for the general support given Mrs. TURNER, respectfully solicits the attendance of the Patrons of the Drama, assuring them that it has been his study to render the Theatre as deserving of encouragement as he possibly could. He has selected for their gratification, a Play and Farce, written by the most celebrated authors; which, from their celebrity in England and America, deservedly claim their attention.

ON MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 13,

Will be presented, SHAKESPEARE'S *universally admired TRAGEDY, in 5 acts, called*

KING LEAR,

AND HIS THREE DAUGHTERS.

KING LEAR, - - Mr. COLLINS.
CORDELIA, - - *Mrs. Turner.*
GONERIL, - - — *Barrett.*
PEGAN, - - *Miss Greer.*

After the Play—COMIC SONG...Mr. Morgan.

After which, a very popular OPERA, written by COLMAN, *the younger, called,*

INKLE AND YARICO,

OR, LOVE IN A CAVE.

TO CONCLUDE WITH

A FAREWELL ADDRESS,

Written for the occasion, to be spoken by MRS. BARRETT.

In order that the performance may be over at a reasonable hour, the Curtain will rise positively, a quarter before 7 o'clock.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in the borough of Pittsburgh, *on Monday, the 3d day of April*, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

All the right, title, interest and claim of *James Davis*, of, in, and to the following described tracts or pieces of land, to wit:——Lot No. 43, in Indiana township, Allegheny county, Cunningham's district, bounded southwardly by lots No. 42 and 60; westwardly by lots No. 59 and 58; northwardly by lot No. 44; and eastwardly by the Allegheny river, containing 218 acres and 120 perches, more or less, about 50 acres cleared, on which is erected 2 cabins, 1 still house, and 1 cabin roofed barn, with a bearing orchard.——Also, Lot No. 44, bounded southwardly by lot No. 43; westwardly by lot No. 58; northwardly by lot No. 45, and eastwardly by the Allegheny river, containing 214 acres, more or less, with about 60 acres cleared, on which is erected 1 grist mill, 1 saw mill and 1 cabin.—Also, Lot No. 45, bounded southwardly by lot No. 44; westwardly by lot No. 58; northwardly by lot No. 46; and eastwardly by the Allegheny river, containing 220 acres and 40 perches, more or less, about 70 acres cleared, on which is erected 3 cabins, and 1 cabin roofed barn, with a bearing orchard; at the suit of Joseph Davis.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold by me.

WM: WOODS, *Sheriff.*

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1876.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of John M'Donald, late of Robinson township, Washington county, Pennsylvania, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them for settlement at the late dwelling house of said deceased. The Executors will all attend on Monday the 10th day of April next, and continue during that week, for the final settlement of all accounts both in favour of and against said estate, when those who shall not have their accounts settled will please attend.

JOHN, JAMES, & ALEX. M'DONALD,

Executors.

February 27, 1815. 4t

TO MY CREDITORS.

TAKE Notice, that I have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Westmoreland, and State of Pennsylvania, for the benefit of the insolvent laws of said state; and that they have appointed the last Monday in March next for the hearing of me and my creditors, at the Court-House in Greensburgh; and direct that notice thereof be inserted in the Greensburgh and Indiana Register, and Pittsburgh Gazette, at least two weeks before the time of hearing.

CHARLES C. SEWELL.

Greensburgh Prison, Feb. 27, 1815.

Property for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for Sale his property in the Town of Steubenville, viz:—A corner Lot opposite Mr Hartford's Tavern, and fronting the Public Square, on which is erected a frame building 20 by 34 feet, neatly finished; this is considered one of the best stands in Steubenville, and has until lately been occupied as a Store. A corner Lot on Market Street, on which is erected a two story brick building, 20 by 44 feet and a back building 18 by 34 feet, with other necessary out-buildings, all neatly finished and in good repair—this property is well situated for public business, a part of which is now occupied as a Store. An Out-Lot, partly adjoining the last mentioned property, containing two and one-quarter acres of excellent meadow; this Out-Lot may be laid off into building lots to great advantage. A part of the purchase money will be required in hand, and a liberal credit given for the balance. For further particulars apply to the subscriber in Steubenville.

JOHN WARD

February 25, 1815. 6t

JOSEPH DAVIS & CO.

Respectfully inform their Friends and the Public, that they have received and ready for delivery, the

AMERICAN STANDARD,

Of Orthography and Pronunciation,

AND IMPROVED

DICTIONARY

OF THE

ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

CONTAINING, all the words in general use, with their significations accurately explained, and the sound of each syllable clearly expressed: among which will be found several hundred terms, that have been hitherto omitted by the best lexicographers: Also, a variety of the technical terms of Medicine, Law, Commerce, Arts, and general Science, interspersed with critical and philological observations. Compiled under the direction of sundry literary characters and institutions, in the United States of America.

March 1, 1815.

NORTHERN FURS.

GILLAND & CO.

HAVE just received from Detroit 3000 prime Muskrat SKINS,

400 Do. RACCOON do.

Which they will sell low for CASH, or negotiable paper.

March 4, 1815

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE PLANTATION where I reside, in view of the Woolen Manufactory of Clarkesville, containing 400 acres of excellent Land, 100 acres of which first rate quality of creek bottom, all cleared and part in timothy meadow; several tenements, two bearing orchards of pippins, vandevers, &c. a new large two story stone dwelling house finished to the roof in the newest and neatest manner, a large dairy, merchant grist and saw mills, a large frame barn and other outbuildings; also, a large stone distillery, two stories high, 40 by 47 feet, works three stills and a boiler; tubs and boiler, aloft fixtures, stoves, &c. complete. Fish plenty in season. Whiskey made here is esteemed superior—I will give my skill to the purchaser. This property, in the first estimation, at once invites the man of business and of taste. The whole, as in part described, together with the title, may be examined, by calling on the proprietor. Terms—part cash and part property, when it may suit me.

SAMUEL CLARKE.

Washington county, eleven miles above Brownsville Feb. 27, 1815.

N B. An inexhaustible mine of Pit Coal, free from sulphur, may be had with the above.

COLUMBIAN

STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE COMPANY,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their establishment is now in complete operation and consists of

STEAM ENGINE FACTORY,

For furnishing steam engines on Oliver Evans's construction, which daily experience is proving to be the cheapest and most powerful.

AN AIR FOUNDERY,

On an extensive scale capable of furnishing castings of any description, but particularly adapted to machinery.

An ANVIL and ANCHOR Factory,

Capable of furnishing anvils and anchors of the largest size.

A BRASS FOUNDERY,

Calculated for general castings, but particularly for machinery and large bells, which will be warranted of the first quality.

A BUTT-HINGE Factory,

Will also shortly be in operation, on a scale sufficiently large to supply any demand. It is also intended to supply small castings annealed.

A PATTERN MAKERS SHOP; and a BORING & TURNERS SHOP,

The lathes are driven by the force of steam; and all orders in the different branches of turning *Iron, Brass, Wood, &c.* will be executed with despatch:—They also carry on the business of

SCREW MAKING,

And are prepared to furnish Rolling and Slitting mill, Paper mill, Fullers, Tobacco, and Mill stone Screws, &c.

The *Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company* flatter themselves that the nature and extent of their establishment, will enable them to furnish any article in the mechanical line particularly, on as short and as favorable terms as any establishment in the state.

They have on hand A STEAM ENGINE, sufficiently powerful to grind from 20 to 25 bushels of wheat per hour, in the best manner. Also, a number of Paper mill, Fullers and Mill screws, and Sugar mill apparatus.

March 1, 1815, tf

PUBLIC SALE

Of Lots in Steubenville.

ON the 27th of March next, I will offer for Sale at Public Auction, Forty Eight Lots at the north end of Steubenville; each Lot containing 60 feet in front on a street 60 feet wide, and extending 180 feet back to an alley of 20 feet. Liberal credit will be given for the purchase money. The Sale to begin at 2 o'clock in the afternoon on the premises.

JAMES ROSS.

February 18, 1815.

CASH FOR GRAIN.

ONE DOLLAR TWENTY FIVE CENTS, AND ONE DOLLAR THIRTY ONE CENTS, per Bushel for WHEAT——SIXTY SEVEN AND AN HALF CENTS, for RYE.——And SIXTY SEVEN AND AN HALF CENTS, for CORN.

Given at the

Pittsburgh Steam Mill.

March 9, 1815.

The Harmony Society,

OFFERS FOR SALE,

About 500 Sheep,

of all sorts, and about

100 Milch Cows.

Apply to FREDERICK RAPP.

March 10, 1815.

TO BE RENTED,

FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

A TANYARD, with every thing necessary to carry on the business, seven miles east of Pittsburgh, on the Turnpike Road to Greensburgh—some Lots may be had with the Yard. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

SAMUEL M'CREA.

March 10, 1815. tf

Valuable Property

AT AUCTION.

On the 15th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Auction Store, corner of Front and Market Streets, will be Sold the following valuable Property, to wit:

No. 1. ONE Lot on Grant's Hill, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, marked in the plan of lots laid out by John Hoge, No. 33, being 30 feet in front on High street, and 145 feet in depth.

2. One lot adjoining the above of the same dimensions, being No. 34.

3. One lot 15 feet in front on High street, and 145 feet in depth, being one half of lot No. 45, in said plan.

4. One lot 45 feet in front and 145 feet in depth, being lot No. 46, and one half of lot No. 45, in said plan on which is erected a frame dwelling house subject to a yearly ground rent of 28 & 1-8th dolls.

5. One lot 22 feet front and 145 deep, being part of lots Nos. 49 and 50.

6. One lot adjoining the above 20 feet front and 55 feet in depth, on which is erected a substantial and well finished two story dwelling house 20 feet by 30, nearly new, with a 2 story kitchen, &c. with the privilege of a 6 feet alley running into Coal street.

7 A lot 40 feet in front and 50 feet in depth to the aforesaid 6 feet alley with the use thereof, with a good dwelling house similar to the above.

8. A lot with the buildings thereon erected formerly occupied by the subscriber as a Tilt Hammer and Smith shop, with the contents thereof, as they now stand, the lots being 84 feet front on Coal street, and 149 feet in depth with the privilege of said 6 feet alley.

2 One lot at the corner of High and Coal streets, being 89 feet on High, and 56 feet on Coal street, with the privilege of the alley.

A plan of the Lots may be seen, and the terms of Sale made known by application to MAGNUS M. MURRAY, Esq. or to

DENNIS S. SCULLY, *Auct'r.*

COVINGTON,

A New Town,

IS laid out at the mouth of Licking River, on the Farm lately owned by Mr. Thomas Kennedy. This beautiful and commanding situation at the confluence of the Ohio and Licking Rivers, in Campbell county, Kentucky, opposite the flourishing town of Cincinnati, presents a prospect equal, if not superior, to any on the Ohio River The main road from Lexington, Kentucky, to Cincinnati, Dayton and the northern and western parts of the state of Ohio passes through it. The situation is healthy and possesses many advantages superior to any in the Western Country: Its convenience to a good Market, a Steam Mill and a variety of Factories, the facility with which all kinds of building materials can be procured, with many other concomitant advantages, hold forth great inducements for the enterprising Merchant, Mechanic, Mannfacturer, and Man of business of every description.

This TOWN is laid out upon the most eligible plan for the occupant, as every Lot has the advantage of a street or alley leading to the Centre or Public Square for places of Worship, Academies, &c. and a Market Space of 100 feet wide by 500 feet long. A suitable number of Out Lots will be laid out convenient to the Town The Lots will be offered at Public Sale on the *twentieth of March next*, at the place aforesaid, upon the following terms—One-fourth in hand, or a negociable note with an approved endorser at 60 days—one-fourth in six months—one-fourth in twelve months, and one-fourth in eighteen months, in bonds with approved security, to bear interest from the date if not punctually paid—or one-third in hand—one-third in 12 months, and one-third in 24 months, with interest, if not punctually paid. A discount of 8 per cent. will be made for payment of the whole sum at the time of sale.

This Town has been established by an act of the Legislature of Kentucky, and titles will be made by the Trustees upon the purchaser presenting a receipt for the purchase money, or the order of the proprietors. A plan may be seen at JOHN S. GANO'S, *Cincinnati*; R. M. GANO'S, *Georgetown*; THOMAS D. CARNEAL, at Capt. Postlethwait's, *Lexington*; or BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELL, *Pittsburgh.*

R. M GANO,
THO. D. CARNEAL,
JOHN S. GANO,
} *Proprietors.*

February 24, 1815.

Forty Dollars Reward.

STOLEN out of the stable of the subscriber, living in St. Clair township, Allegheny county, about 9 miles from Pittsburgh, on the night of the 20th inst. a grey HORSE, about 8 or 9 years old, upwards of 16 hands high, a natural pacer, a little lame in the right hind leg, occasioned by the spavin; also, stolen at same time, a grey MARE, about 8 or 9 years old, between 15 and 16 hands high, a natural trotter, is well made, and carries well; they were both shod only before. The above reward and reasonable charges will be paid to any person who will secure and deliver said Horse and Mare to the subscriber, or Twenty Dollars for either.

CASPER MATE.

February 21, 1815.

GENUINE FAMILY MEDICIES.

BOSLER & Co.

Front Street, between Market & Wood Streets, PITTSBURGH,

HAVE just received from *Lee's Patent and Family Medicine Store*, New York, a fresh supply of the following

GENUINE MEDICINES.

For the prevention and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers is recommended

HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

The operation of these Pills is very mild, so as to be used by persons in all situations, and of every age.

They are well adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions, to restore the appetite, to produce a free perspiration, and thus prevent Colds, which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a Cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness, sickness at the stomach, and severe head-ache, and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured for use by every seaman.

HAMILTON'S

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,

Which have, within years past, cured an immense number of persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from Worms, and from obstructions or foulness in the stomach and bowels.

This Medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age & constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or an infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body; but will, without pain, cleanse the stomach and bowels, of whatever is foul, and and thereby prevent the production of worms, and many fatal disorders. The Lozenges are efficacious in taking off all gross humors and eruptions, feverish complaints, and the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on any occasian.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will prevent "the vomiting and purging of children"—a disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens. It is also the mildest and most certain remedy known, and has restored to health and strength a vast number when in advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness; having a pleasing appearance and a mild taste.

HAMILTON'S ESSENCE & EXTRACT OF MURTARD,

A safe & effectual remedy for rheumatisms, gout, palsey, sprains and bruises, white swellings, old strains and relaxations, numbers and weakness of the neck, pains of the side, head ache, swelled faces, frozen limbs and every similar complaint. It prevents chilblains or chopped hands, and the ill effects of getting the feet wet.

THE DAMASK LIP SALVE.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER FOR THE TEETH AND GUMS.

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all the acrimonious slime and the foulness, which if suffered to accumulate never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

HAMILTON'S

GRAND RESTORATIVE

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints resulting from dissipated pleasures, juvenile indiscretions, residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication and destructive intemperance, the unskilful or excessive use of mercury, the diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life, bad lyings in, &c.

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

Celebrated for the cure of colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, and approaching consumptions, and a certain remedy for the whooping cough.

HAHN'S GENUINE EYE WATER.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

LEE'S OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

LEE'S INFALLIBLE

AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers.

HAHN'S

TRUE AND GENUINE GERMAN

CORN PLAISTER.

☞ *The above Genuine Medicines, are Sold ONLY, by*

BOSLER AND Co.

Who are appointed sole agents for PITTSBURGH.

☞At the place of Sale, Pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above Medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article of the advertisement.

July 25, 1814

tfq

Brush Manufactory.

GEORGE BEALE,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

BRUSHMAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has commenced a branch of his business, in Wood Street, between Third and Fourth Streets, PITTSBURGH. As he intend carying on the business extensively, he will be able to supply the orders of Merchants and others, to any amount, *at the Philadelphia prices, without carriage.* From his long experience in the business, and having the best workmen employed, he can furnish

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

of a superior quality, and on such terms as will prove advantageous to purchasers. In addition to his stock of Brushes, he has on hand,

A quantity of RUSSIA BRISTLES for Sale.

The highest price given for

HOGS BRISTLES AND *COLTS TAILS.*

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1814.

1yq.

TO BE LET,

ON PERPETUAL LEASE,

Nine Lots of Ground,

Fronting on Smithfield Street. For particulars apply to GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, December 20, 1814.

BOSLER & Co.

Have received and offer on reasonable terms, by WHOLESALE.

18 Tons Pig Lead
5 do. Lead Ore suitable for Potters
375 Barrels prime New-Orleans Sugar
16 Boxes white Havanna do.
55 Bales Red River Cotton
000 lbs. Logwood
900 Mexican Copper
17 Barrels Molasses
20 do. Rice
25 do. Coffee
10 do. Loaf Sugar
8 do. Pepper
4 do. Glue
2 do. Whiting
4 do. Yellow Ochre
3 do. Allum
3 do. Copperas
5 do. Allspice
5 do. Madder
1 Chest Young Hyson Tea
2 do. Hyson do.
6 Boxes Spanish Cigars
2 Barrels American do.
20 Kegs James River Tobacco
6 do. prime Kentucky do.
2 Boxes Fans
16 Dozen Silesia Handkerchiefs
550 Barrels first quality Kenhawa Salt

Pittsburgh, Dec. 20, 1814.

WESTERN EAGLE LEAD FACTORY.

TREVOR, PETTIGREW AND TROOST, having their Lead Factory now in complete operation, offer for Sale at the Drug and Chemical Warehouse of Speakman, Say & Co. and the Glass Warehouse of Trevor & Encell,

WHITE LEAD, dry and ground in Oil,

RED LEAD, and

LITHARGE, all of the very first quality, at the lowest Pittsburgh prices, and for much less than they can be purchased and brought from Philadelphia or Baltimore.

Certificates for the above articles might be readily *obtained*, but as the proprietors are satisfied, that their manufactured Leads want no other recommendation than a trial, they rest their claims to patronage on its result—They will only add, that *their* White Lead is *warranted unadulterated* by the slightest mixture of *whiting*, and that *their* kegs will be found to hold 23lbs to the quarter hundred weight.

Every Keg is branded

TREVOR, PETTIGREW & TROOST

PITTSBURGH.

*** Orders for the above articles will be received by SPEAKMAN, SAY & Co. TREVOR & ENCELL, and the different COMMISSION MERCHANTS of the place.

Pittsburgh, January 9, 1815.

WANTED,

Two or Three Apprentices

to the BOOT and SHOE Making Business. Apply to DAVID JONES, in Water Street, Pittsburgh.

January 16, 1814.

Whereas a Patent hath

been granted under the great seal of the United States, on the first day of December last, to Nicholas J. Roosevelt, Esq. a citizen of the United States, as the original inventor of Steam Boats as now in general use, I DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, as Attorney for the said Nicholas, as patentee as aforesaid, that I will prosecute all, each and every person, who under colour of in virtue of any prior patent by any person for said invention obtained; shall be found to infringe or violate the rights in the said Nicholas by the said patent vested, as well as all persons violating said rights.

JOHN D. DELACY,
Attorney in fact for N. J. Roosevelt, Patentee as aforesaid.

January 4, 1815.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas*, issued out of the court of common pleas for the county of Allegheny, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the court house, in the borough of Pittsburgh, on *Monday the 3d day of April next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

All the right, title, interest, and claim of *John Fitchman*, of, in, and to, *one hundred and fifty acres of Land*, more or less, situate in Pitt township, Allegheny county, bounded northwardly by John Dunbar, eastwardly by land of —— Powell, southwardly by land of John M'Cullough, and westwardly by land of the heirs of Geo. Wallace, deceased, on which are erected 1 log dwelling house, grist mill, saw mill, still house, and stone barn, with about 30 acres cleared, at the suit of William Foster, and William B. Foster.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold by

WILLIAM WOODS, *Sheriff.*

March 1, 1815. 3wq

PITTSBURGH WIRE MANUFACTORY.

The subscriber has on hand, and offers

FOR SALE.

AT THE PHILADELPHIA PRICES,

WITH the addition of carriage, an assortment of *WIRE*, made of the Juniata iron, from No. 1 to No. 24, inclusive. Any higher number made agreeable to order. He hopes that the manufacturers and merchants of the western country, will give him a portion of their custom, to support a new and large establishment.

Square inch iron, will be rolled down for smiths and other mechanics, at the following prices, viz:

To 7-8 one dol. per cwt.

6-8	two	do	do	do
5-8	three	do	do	do
4-8	four	do	do	do
3-8	five	do	do	do

WM: EICHBAUM.

March 23, 1814 tfq

FOR SALE,

BY ALLEN AND GRANT,

At the Warehouse recently occupied by James Adams,

408 bls. prime Orleans SUGAR.

21 bales do. do. COTTON,
14 reels Kentucky YARNS,
16 casks crude SALT PETRE,
291 bls. Kenhawa SALT,
21 do LOAF SUGAR & prime green COFFEE,
39 bags prime green COFFEE,
12 bls. 2d qual. do.
31 do. heavy Sumatra PEPPER,
8 chests Hyson skin TEA,
20 bls. Carolina RICE,
14 tubs German STEEL,
15 boxes Cotton and Wool CARDS, assorted Nos.
6 tierces and 5 bls. English ALLUM.
41 gloziers DIAMONDS.
300 reams Chambersburgh PAPER.
21 packages mens' womens' and childrens' assorted SHOES.
105 pair fashionable BOOTS.

☞Machine CARDS, direct from the manufactory, at cost and expences, constantly supplied.

January 10. tfq

Speakman & Say,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

DRUGGISTS.

Having established a *Drug & Chemical Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, & taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

In Market Street, the third door from Front Street,

Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expenses, ONLY.

☞ *They now offer for sale, an assortment of* DRUGS, *PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c. for CASH, PRODUCE, or at the usual credit.*

May 30, 1813 tfq

ROBINSON & BARBER.

HAVE NOW ON HAND & FOR SALE,

50 Barrels Loaf Sugar,

25,000 lbs. COFFEE, in bags and barrels,

20 Barrels SHAD,

150 do. 1st quality NEW ORLEANS SUGAR,

1-2 Pipe 4th proof Cogniac BRANDY,

1-2 do. Vidonia WINE.

October 26——tfq

GINSENG.

THE Subscriber wishes to purchase 10,000 Pounds of Crude (or unclarified) Ginseng, for which a good price will be given. It must be of good quality, and would be preferred of this year's growth, and packed in casks of from 100 to 150lbs. each, to be delivered in any quantity from 500lbs and upwards, in Pittsburgh, between this and the middle of January next.

Letters on this subject will be instantly attended to.

ISAAC HARRIS.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 13 1814.

NEW STORE.

WAY & BLAINE,

Have just received at their Store in Market Street between Second and Third Streets,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS,

which they offer for Sale at the lowest prices.

Pittsburgh, January 9, 1815. tf

NITRE,

WARRANTED in its purest state, refined by the subscriber, and for Sale at JOHN M'CLEAN'S Commission Warehouse. It may also be had, particularly prepared for manufacturing Gunpowder, by

CHARLES MUNNS,
Gunpowder-maker, and Salt Petre refiner.

Pittsburgh, 14th Nov. 1814

WANTED, a quantity of Crude Salt Petre.

WAGGONS WANTED.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

WISHES to employ 10 or 15 WAGGONS, to haul Iron from Juniata and Bellefonte Iron Works, to this place, for which liberal wages will be paid.

APPLY TO

WILLIAM LECKY.

Pittsburgh, July 26

tfq

Doctor CHISHOLMS,

Anti-Bilious Pills,

OF A QUALITY

Superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a

GENERAL MEDICINE,

IN THIS COUNTRY,

Now prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates.

This extraordinary medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of Anti-Bilious Pills. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuant of bile, is without example; never producing debility, or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child, or weakly female.

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains*, wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flax-seed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and *diseases of the liver*, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills, taken every third morning, will be found suificient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case, the dose may be increased according to the strength or constitution.

The *Dysentery*, *Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY in Pittsburgh, by

J. P. & J. W. Skelton,

At their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

February 1814.

tfq

Doctor Handy's,

WORM DESTROYING

LOZENGES,

A safe and efficacious Medicine for destroying and bringing away

WORMS.

MAY be used with safety by children of any age, or as common physic by the most delicate constitution, in any climate, without restraint of diet, or the smallest danger from cold. It may be given with advantage after the small-pox or measles; or as a family medicine, in any case where physic is necessary. The most frequent seat of worms in the human body, is the intestinal tube; but occasionally they have been found in almost every other part of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms*, of an unusual form and appearance, being brought away by these Lozenges, have been made public in England, where the rapid sale of the medicine exceeded any thing of the kind ever known before; and has also proved, to a demonstration, its approved superiority, as an athelminthick, to the numerous puffed-up, useless nostrums, which are daily advertised in the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable Medicine* has often been known to remove half a pot-full of the Teres or Round Worms.

A few doses are generally sufficient to remove the Ascarides, a small white worm, the seat of which is either the stomach or rectum.

Even the *Tape Worm*, at all times the most difficult to destroy, may, by persevering in the frequent use of this medicine, be totally removed in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of people who are not known here, *and living* at a great distance, would be useless, and take up too much of the reader's time. We shall therefore only observe, for the benefit of those who are unacquainted with the symptoms of worms, that they are known or suspected to exist by a pain in the stomach, attended with a sudden depression of spirits before eating; at other times, the belly is hard, painful and distended with wind—costiveness, head-ache, and trembling of the limbs, with a sense of something rising in the throat—pale complexion and emaciated body, with weakness and irregular appetite—convulsive, epileptic, or falling fits—pains in the back and side, and frequent itching of the nose, and sometimes of the anus. The above, and a long train of afflicting diseases may all be occasioned by worms, which are much oftener the cause of death than is commonly believed.

The above valuable Medicine is sold only by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their wholesale and retail Drug Stores at the corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh.

December 13, 1813.

TO RENT,

AND POSSESSION GIVEN THE FIRST OF APRIL NEXT,

THREE COMMODIOUS HOUSES in a pleasant situation on Grant street, near to Messrs. Page and Bakewell.

For terms enquire of

WM: GRAHAM, *Tinkerfan.*

Pittsburgh, Jan. 20, 1815.

Fulling & Wool Carding

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public, that their Works lately erected at the Lower Falls of Big Beaver Creek, are now in operation.

Being provided with two pair of Fulling Stocks and the necessary implements and convenience for dressing Broad and Narrow Cloths, in the best manner, together with two Wool Cachines covered with fine Cards, calculated for carding Merino and Common Wool, and conducted by experienced Workmen, the subscribers are encouraged to solicit a share of the public patronage, and hope to give satisfaction to those who may please to favor them with their custom in the above line of business.

Cloth to be dressed or Wool to be carded will be thankfully received by James Taylor at the Mill, and finished according to directions with punctuality and dispatch at the customary prices.

Cloth will also be received by George Cochran, at his Woollen Factory, in Pittsburgh, forwarded and returned when dressed.

JAMES TAYLOR,
JOHN WALKER,
M. EVANS,
GEO. COCHRAN, of Pgh.

January 9, 1815. tf.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL STORE.

ROBERT GETTY,

Corner of Diamond and Market Street

HAS now received a large and general assortment of *India*, *English*, *French* and *Domestic* DRY GOODS, which will be sold at the lowest rates by piece or yard. Also, an extensive assortment of HARDWARE, CHINA and GROCERIES. TANNERS OIL by the barrel or gallon.

COTTON YARN TWIST AND PILLING.

He will also be supplied with the above article at the Philadelphia prices and carriage from No. 3 to 50. Orders from manufacturers and country merchants will be executed on the best terms.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1st, 1815. tf